## Guided worksheet on adding fractions and mixed numbers

By doing this worksheet students can learn all the basic steps needed <u>to add</u> <u>fractions and mixed numbers</u>. It is highly recommended for students to fill in all the blanks in each problem given below: (All the fractions have same denominators)

1) 
$$\frac{3}{8} + 2\frac{1}{8}$$
  
=  $2\frac{3+1}{8}$   
=  $2\frac{4}{8}$   
=  $2\frac{1}{2}$ 

This is a problem where the answer needs to be further reduced into lowest terms.

In this example,  $2\frac{4}{8}$  can be further reduced as the numerator 4 and 8 have a greatest common factor of 4. So cut 4 and 8 by 4 to get the new numerator 1 and denominator 2 for the final answer as shown.

2) 
$$\frac{1}{9} + 1\frac{5}{9}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1 + \boxed{}}{9}}$$

$$= 1\frac{6}{\boxed{}} = 1\frac{\boxed{}}{3}$$

3) 
$$4\frac{3}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= 4\frac{\Box + \Box}{6}$$

$$= \Box = \boxed{2}$$

5) 
$$1\frac{3}{12} + 1\frac{5}{12}$$
  
=  $(+1)\frac{\boxed{+}\boxed{}}{12}$   
=  $2\frac{8}{\boxed{}} = 2\frac{\boxed{}}{3}$ 

4) 
$$1\frac{2}{10} + 4\frac{3}{10}$$

$$= (1+4)\frac{\boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}}}{10}$$

$$= 5\frac{5}{10} = 5\frac{\boxed{\phantom{0}}}{\boxed{\phantom{0}}}$$

6) 
$$4\frac{4}{15} + 3\frac{8}{15}$$

$$= (\Box + \Box) \frac{\Box + \Box}{15}$$

$$= \Box \frac{12}{\Box} = 7\frac{\Box}{5}$$